

# TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER

NOKI14-00024

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5

**10/088238**INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.  
PCT/IB00/01316INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE  
5 September 2000

PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED

20 September 1999

TITLE OF INVENTION

REPORTING COMMUNICATION LINK INFORMATION

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

Juan Melero

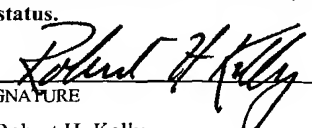
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☐ This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.
4. ☐ The US has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
  - a. ☒ is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ has been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. ☐ An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
  - a. ☐ is attached hereto.
  - b. ☐ has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
7. ☐ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
  - a. ☐ are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).
  - b. ☐ have been communicated by the International Bureau.
  - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
  - d. ☐ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)).
9. ☐ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. ☐ An English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

## Items 11 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included:

11. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
15. ☐ A substitute specification.
16. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
17. ☐ A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821 - 1.825.
18. ☐ A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
19. ☐ A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).
20. ☒ Other items or information:
  - A. Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail
  - B. Postcard Receipt

SCANNED, #12

U.S. APPLICATION NO. <u>10/088238</u> INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <u>PCT/IB00/01316</u>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <u>NOK114-00024</u>																																																											
21. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: <b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)):</b> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO. .... <b>\$1040.00</b> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO ..... <b>\$890.00</b> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO ..... <b>\$740.00</b> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$710.00</b> International preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4) ..... <b>\$100.00</b> <b>ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</b>		<b>CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY</b>          <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:60%;"><b>ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</b></td> <td style="width:20%; text-align: right;">\$ 890.00</td> <td style="width:20%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Surcharge of <b>\$130.00</b> for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).</td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <th style="width:20%;">CLAIMS</th> <th style="width:20%;">NUMBER FILED</th> <th style="width:20%;">NUMBER EXTRA</th> <th style="width:20%;">RATE</th> <th style="width:20%;">\$</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Total claims</td> <td>23 - 20 =</td> <td>3</td> <td>x \$18.00</td> <td>\$ 54.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Independent claims</td> <td>3 - 3 =</td> <td>0</td> <td>x \$84.00</td> <td>\$ 0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4">MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIM(S) (if applicable)</td> <td>+ \$280.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: right;"><b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b></td> <td>\$ 0.00</td> </tr> </table> </td> <td style="text-align: right;">\$</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. 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JC13 Rec'd PCT/PTO 18 MAR 2002

DOCKET NO. NOKI14-00024

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: : JUAN MELERO  
International Appl. No. : PCT/IB00/01316  
International Filing Date : September 5, 2000  
Title : REPORTING COMMUNICATION LINK INFORMATION

**BOX PCT**

Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Please amend the above-identified patent application as follows:

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please cancel claims 1-23 and substitute therefor, claims 24-43 as follows:

24. A method for reporting link information in a communication system including a communication terminal and a plurality of transceivers with each of which the communication terminal can communicate over a respective communication link; the method comprising:

the communication terminal determining link information for each of the communication links; and

the communication terminal periodically transmitting link message, each link message containing link information for a first set of the communication links, and the link messages

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**PATENT**

being formatted such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a larger set of the communication links.

25. A method as claimed in claim 24, wherein link information for at least one of the communication links is contained in each of successive link messages.

26. A method as claimed in claimed 25, comprising the step of determining a subset of the communication links having the best link according to a selected measure, and wherein link information for the communication links of that subset is contained in each of successive link messages.

27. A method as claimed in claim 26, wherein the subset consists of two communication links.

28. A method as claimed in claim 27, wherein periodically link messages contain link information for the same ones of the communication links.

29. A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the communication terminal is capable of transmitting the link information in a plurality of schemes according to which link information is distributed between successive link messages.

35. A method as claimed in any of claims 30, wherein one of the schemes involves transmitting link information for a set of the communication links in every third link message.

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**PATENT**

36. A method as claimed in claim 35, wherein the link messages are transmitted over at least one of the said communication links.

37. A method as claimed in claim 36, wherein each link message is sent in a respective multiframe of communications over the said communication links.

38. A method as claimed in claim 37, wherein each link message contains link information of six of the communication links.

39. A method as claimed in claim 38, wherein the link information for a communication link is indicative of the quality of communications over that link.

40. A method as claimed in claim 39, comprising the steps of receiving the link information and making a handover decision for the communication terminal on the basis of the link information.

41. A method as claimed in claim 40, comprising the step of the communication terminal signaling that it is capable of operating so as to transmit successive link messages containing link information for different ones of the communication links.

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42. A method as claimed in claim 41, wherein the step of the communication terminal signalling that is capable of operating so as to transmit successive link messages containing link information for different ones of the communication links is performed on establishments by the communication terminal of a connection with the system.

43. A method as claimed in claim 42, wherein the communication terminal is a radio telephone.

44. A method as claimed in claim 43, wherein each transceiver is a base station transceiver of a radio telephone system.

45. A communication system comprising:

- a communication terminal;
- a plurality of transceivers with each of which the communication terminal can communicate over a respective communication link;

the communication terminal comprising link measurement means for measuring link information for each of the communication links; transmission means for periodically transmitting link messages, each link message containing link information for a first set of the communication links; and link message forming means for forming the link messages such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a larger set of the communication links.

communication means for communicating with one or more of a plurality of radio transceivers;

measurement message generation means for generating measurement messages for transmission by the communication means, each measurement message containing measured quality information for a first set of the communication links; the measurement message generation means being capable of generating a series of measurements messages wherein groups of successive measurement messages collectively contain measured quality information for a larger set of the communication links.



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**REMARKS:**

Substitute claims 24-46 set forth above are believed to place the application in condition for the Examiner's early examination and consideration for allowance. Examination and consideration for allowance of such claims is respectfully requested.

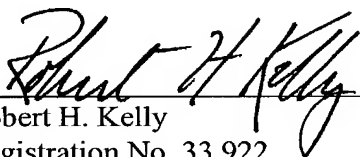
Respectfully submitted,

NOVAKOV DAVIS & MUNCK, P.C.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*18 Mar 02*

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2/pts

This invention relates to a method for reporting information on communication links, for example link quality information, in a telecommunications system such as a cellular radio telecommunications network.

Figure 1 shows schematically the configuration of a typical cellular radio telecommunications network. The network comprises a number of base-stations (BSs) 1, 2, 3 etc. Each base-station has a radio transceiver capable of transmitting radio signals to and receiving radio signals from the area of a cell 4, 5, 6 etc. next to the base-station. By means of these signals the base-station can communicate with a mobile station (MS) terminal 7 in that cell, which itself includes a radio transceiver. Each base station is connected to a mobile system controller (MSC) 8, which is linked in turn to the public telephone network 9 and/or to other networks such as packet data networks. By means of this system a user of the MS 7 can establish a telephone call to the public network 9 via a BS in whose cell the MS is located.

The location of the MS could be fixed (for example if it is providing radio communications for a fixed building) or the MS could be moveable (for example if it is a hand portable transceiver or "mobile phone"). When the MS is moveable it may move between cells of the cellular radio system. As it moves from one cell (the "old cell") to another cell (the "new cell") there is a need to hand it over from communication with the BS of the old cell to the BS of the new cell without dropping the call due to a break in communications between the mobile station and the network. This process is known as handover. A need can also arise to hand over a MS whose location is fixed, for example if atmospheric conditions affect its communications with the old BS and call quality can be improved by handing it over to another BS or if there is a need to free up capacity of the old BS.

In some systems, for example the wideband code division multiple access (W-CDMA) system proposed for the Universal Mobile Telephony System (UMTS), a mobile station is capable of making traffic communications with more than one base station at one time. This macrodiversity arrangement allows greater reliability of communications and can reduce the required transmission power. It also means that handovers between one base station and another can be performed in a gradual ("soft") rather than an abrupt ("hard") way.

It is conventional for the system to include apparatus for controlling handover and macrodiversity. That apparatus could be on the network side (for example at the MSC) or the mobile side of the air interface between the MS and a BS, or could be distributed between the two. That apparatus conventionally receives information relating to the quality of potential communications between the MS and at least some of the BSs and optionally other information such as data on the load on at least some of the BSs. Using this information the apparatus determines which base station(s) an MS should communicate with and issues instructions to the BSs and the MS accordingly.

For the W-CDMA system it is proposed, in line with existing systems such as GSM, that a mobile station will transmit to the network measurement reports on communication quality with six nearby cells. For example, according to the GSM standard a report on a nearby ("neighbouring") cell will occupy 17 reserved bits in a standard reporting message of 107 bits. The reporting message can therefore contain reports on only six nearby cells. Such reporting message is to be sent by a mobile station in each multiframe - i.e. once every 480ms.

The inventors of the present invention have identified that especially in multisystem or multiband networks and/or in cellular communication systems operating in a multilayer environment the number of cells with which the mobile station may interact might often be greater than six. It could therefore be advantageous for a mobile station to be able to transmit measurement reports for

more than six cells. This would be especially advantageous in multisystem or multiband networks and/or in cellular communication systems operating in a multilayer environment. In general, multimode systems can be defined as communication environments where the mobile station may be in a service area where it can be served by more than one serving network, system, standard, frequency or the like. An example of a multiband system is a system in which a dual-band mobile station can be served by GSM (Global System for Mobile Communications) networks operating at 900 MHz and 1800 MHz. Another example is a system in which a mobile station can be served by a GSM network and a UMTS/W-CDMA network, or a GSM network and a DAMPS network.

It would thus be desirable for a mobile station to be able to report on potential communications links with more than six cells. One way in which this could be achieved is by lengthening the reporting message to give room for measurement reports on more than six cells. However, this would have major problems of incompatibility with existing systems. Another possibility would be for the level of reporting to be altered so as to occupy fewer than 17 bits. However, as well as problems of incompatibility with existing systems, this solution would be expected to reduce the reporting accuracy and therefore the precision of handover decisions.

WO 98/57512 discloses an arrangement where a measurement report is transferred to a network during the first available slow associated control channel periods. The measurement report contains data that the mobile terminal obtained while it was waiting in the idle mode. During subsequent slow associated control channel periods, the mobile terminal transfers measurement information to the network based on the data obtained in the active mode.

ART 34 AMDT

3a

There is therefore a need for a practical method whereby a mobile station can transmit reporting messages on links with an increased number of cells. Such a method should preferably be capable of retaining a degree of consistency with existing standards and standardisation proposals. By this means, the method may preferably enhance multisystem, multiband and/or multimode operation. It is one aim of the present invention to at least partially address one or more of the above issues.

According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a method for reporting link information in a communication system including a communication

ART 34 AMDT

## 4

comprising, the communication terminal determining link information for each of the communication links, and the communication terminal periodically transmitting link messages, each link message containing link information for a first set of communication links, and the link messages being formatted in accordance with a predetermined scheme such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a set of communication links larger than the first set of communication links.

The said larger set is suitably larger than the first set of the communication links. The method preferably includes the step of defining the said larger set, for example by selecting communication links to form the said larger set.

Preferably link information for at least one of the communication links is contained in each of successive link messages. For instance, each successive link message may contain link information for one, two or more of the communication links, whilst link information for others of the communication links is not contained in every link message. That latter link information may be sent in link messages spaced apart by a set amount, for example every two or three link messages, or as determined by a less strict periodic or aperiodic scheme.

It is thus preferred that successive link messages contain link information for at least one communication link in common. It is also preferred that link messages spaced apart by a set interval – for example by one, two or three other messages – regularly contain link information for the same ones of the communication links.

The method may comprise the step of determining a subset of the communication links having the best link according to a selected measure, and wherein link information for the communication links of that subset is contained in each of successive link messages. The subset preferably consists of one communication link, or alternatively of two communication links.

It is preferred that periodically link messages contain link information for the same ones of the communication links.

The communication terminal is preferably capable of transmitting the link information in a plurality of schemes according to which link information is distributed between successive link messages. Such schemes may involve transmitting link information for a set of the communication links in alternate link messages, or in every third link message.

The communication system suitably includes a control unit (e.g. an MSC or the like) coupled to the transceivers. The method suitably comprises the step of causing at least one of the transceivers to transmit a scheme selection signal to the communication terminal indicative of the one of the plurality of schemes to be used by the communication terminal. The scheme selection signal may be transmitted on a broadcast channel. The scheme selection signal may be transmitted as part of a system information message. The method may suitably comprise the step of operating the communication terminal in response to the scheme selection signal so as to use the scheme indicated by the scheme selection signal.

The link messages may be transmitted over at least one of the said communication links. The link messages may be each sent in a respective multiframe. (The multiframe may be defined by reference to normal communications over the said communication links).

Each link message preferably contains link information for six of the communication links, and most preferably for only six of the communication links.

The link information for a communication link is preferably in some way indicative of the quality of communications over that link. The link information may, for example be indicative of received signal strength information for communications





ART 34 AMDT

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measurement message containing measured quality information for a first set of the communication links, the measurement message generation means being capable of generating a series of measurement messages in accordance with a predetermined scheme, wherein groups of successive measurement messages collectively contain measured quality information for a set of communication links larger than the first set of communication links.

Optional additional features of the second and third aspects of the present invention include features analogous to those set out above in relation to the first aspect of the present invention.

The communication terminal may be a radio and/or cellular telephone. Each transceiver may be a base station transceiver of a radio telephone system. The communication system may suitably be a cellular telephone network. The communication terminal may suitably be capable of communicating by radio with one or more, and preferably all, of the transceivers.

The present invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

figure 1 shows schematically the configuration of a typical cellular radio telecommunications network;

figure 2 shows a schematic diagram of some components of a mobile station; and

figure 3 illustrates signal flow in a measurement reporting arrangement.

The present reporting method and associated apparatus will be described below with general reference to the GSM system and to the proposed UMTS / W-CDMA standard, but it will be understood that the method is analogously applicable to provide enhanced reporting in other telecommunications systems.

The present reporting method involves increasing the number of cells on which measurement reports may be sent by reducing the frequency with which reports

are sent on nearby ("neighbouring") cells. Thus, successive measurement report messages may include measurement data for different sets of nearby cells. In other words, measurement reports on neighbouring cells may be transmitted with different frequencies. Such frequencies may be the same or different. In a preferred arrangement, the mobile station determines a set of neighbours providing the best links to it; measurement reports are then sent for those cells in every report message, whereas information on other links is sent less frequently – for example in every second or third report message.

To avoid ambiguity, it should be noted that the term "neighbouring" is generally used to refer to any further cell that can be reached by a mobile station in a cell of the cellular communication system, without such a cell having to actually border any cell with which the mobile station is currently communicating. Thus "neighbouring" cells will typically be wholly or partly overlapping. Neighbouring cells may be cells of another communication network or cells of another frequency. This is the case when, for example, dual-band mobile stations are used.

Figure 1 which shows a cellular network. It should be appreciated that although Figure 1 shows base stations which each provide an omnidirectional cell, embodiments of the present invention may be implemented using any appropriate configuration of cells. It is also noted that the radio coverage area defining a cell may consist of a sector of a base station provided with a directional or sector antenna (not shown in Figure 1). Such a sector base station may use e.g. three 120° directional antennas whereby three radio coverage areas are provided, or four 90° directional antennas providing four radio coverage areas and so on, or any combinations of different radio coverage beam widths. It should also be appreciated that base stations may sometimes be referred to as node B (e.g. in the UMTS standard). For simplicity it will be assumed herein that each cell is associated with a single base station transceiver unit (BTS).

In Figure 1 each radio coverage area or cell is served by the respective base transceiver station BTS 1, 2, 3 etc. Each base transceiver station BTS is arranged to transmit signals to and receive signals from the mobile station MS 7 in the cell. Likewise, the mobile station is able to transmit signals to and receive signals from a respective base transceiver station. The mobile station 7 accomplishes this via wireless (preferably radio) communication with the base stations. Typically a number of mobile stations will be in communication with each base station although only one mobile station is shown in Figure 1 for clarity.

Each of the base stations is connected to a network controller, which in one form of the exemplifying GSM system comprises a base station controller (BSC) 10 connected further to a Mobile Switching Centre (MSC) 9. In the described embodiment the MSC is used as a network controller. In some arrangements the base station controller 10 controlling one or several base stations between the network controller and the base stations may be omitted. The network controller controls its service area, i.e. the cells and base stations connected to it, either directly or via the base station controller. It is noted that typically more than one network controller is provided in a network. The network controller is connected to other elements or parts of the telecommunications network system via a suitable linking or gateway apparatus, such as Gateway Mobile Switching Centre (GMSC; not shown).

The implementation of the basic communication formatting between the mobile station, the base station and the controller in GSM and UMTS / W-CDMA systems is known, and will thus not be discussed in more detail herein. It is sufficient to note that the interface may comprise channels in both uplink and downlink directions between the mobile station in the cell associated with a given base station and that the information sent to the mobile station and the data may be sent in any suitable format. The messages sent from the mobile stations may include information identifying the mobile station (for instance, MS ID and/or IMSI

(Mobile Station Identity and/or International Mobile Subscriber Identity, respectively)).

As also illustrated in Figure 1, the mobile station can be simultaneously in the signalling or coverage area of several cells and their associated base stations. The mobile station is arranged to perform measurements in order to be able to provide information based on which a suitable cell can be selected for serving the mobile station. In other words, in addition to controlling the ongoing connection with the servicing base station, the mobile station performs measurements concerning the neighbouring cells as well. These measurements may be of any appropriate feature that is in some way indicative of the quality of potential traffic communications over the link between the mobile station and that cell; examples are signal strength of the base station for the cell as received at the mobile station, error rate of communications from that base station (e.g. bit error rate or frame error rate), or delay or distortion of such communications.

Figure 2 shows in more detail a mobile station capable of operation in the system of figure 1. The mobile station, which in this case is a cellular telephone, includes a radio transceiver unit 20, a measurement unit 21 and a control unit 22. These may be implemented as distinct units as illustrated in figure 2 or by software running on common hardware.

The transceiver 20 transmits traffic signals to and receives traffic signals from one or more base stations to which the mobile station is currently attached. The transmissions to and from the mobile station are split into multiframe, each of which occupies 480ms. The transceiver also receives signals from other base stations, typically signals on one or more broadcast channels e.g. BCCH. These signals as well as signals received from the base station(s) to which the mobile station is attached are directed to the measurement unit 21. The measurement unit measures a feature of those signals as mentioned above - for example received signal strength. The measurement results are passed to the control unit

22 which generates measurement reports according to a scheme that will be described below. The measurement reports are then transmitted to the base station(s) to which the mobile station is attached. The measurement reports are then used by the network to make handover decisions.

The measurement reports themselves are suitably of a known format, for example of 107 bits including 17 bits per cell / base station that is being reported on.

The scheme used by the control unit may be one of a number of schemes, example schemes being described below.

- **Reporting Scheme 0**

For reasons of backwards compatibility the control unit is capable of transmitting measurement reports in which each successive measurement report includes measurement information for communication links with the six cells determined by the control unit to be the best (e.g. being received most strongly or with fewest errors). Thus it will normally be the case that successive messages will include data relating to the same six cells.

- **Reporting Scheme 1**

The measurement unit measures data for links with up to 10 neighbouring cells. These cells will be termed N1 to N10. The two best cells are selected by the control unit. These are, for example, the two that are received with the highest signal level. Measurement data for these cells (N1 and N2, say) is sent in every multiframe (MF) - that is every 480 ms. Measurement data for each of the remaining 8 neighbours (N3-N10) is distributed between successive multiframe so as to be sent every second multiframe - that is every 960 ms

The structure of successive measurement reports under this system, with each measurement report including slots for data on measurements of six cell links, is shown in the following table:

Measurement Report Slot Number	Multiframe n	Multiframe n+1	Multiframe n+2	....
1	N1	N1	N1	....
2	N2	N2	N2	....
3	N3	N4	N3	....
4	N5	N6	N5	....
5	N7	N8	N7	....
6	N9	N10	N9	....

The values reported for the neighbours N3-N10 could be an averaged value of measurements over the appropriate two multiframe period before which they are sent, so little or no information is lost. Alternatively the first, second, higher or lower value measured for each of neighbours N3-N10 over the period could be sent.

- **Reporting Scheme 2**

The measurement unit measures data for links with up to 15 neighbouring cells. These cells will be termed N1 to N15. The best neighbour (N1) is identified and a report transmitted for it every 480 ms. The 2nd to 7th best neighbours (N2-N7) are identified and a report transmitted for each of them every 960 ms. The remaining 8 neighbours (N8-N15) are reported on every 1920 ms.

The structure of successive measurement reports under this system, with each measurement report including slots for data on measurements of six cell links, is shown in the following table:

Measurement Report Slot Number	MF n	MF n+1	MF n+2	MF n+3	MF n+4	....
1	N1	N1	N1	N1	N1	....
2	N2	N3	N2	N3	N2	....
3	N4	N5	N4	N5	N4	....
4	N6	N7	N6	N7	N6	....
5	N8	N9	N10	N11	N8	....
6	N12	N13	N14	N15	N12	....

Note that the value reported for the neighbours N2-N7 could be an averaged value over the two multiframe between reports on them, and the value reported for N8-N15 could be an average over the four multiframe periods between reports on them, so little or no information may be lost. Alternatively, one of the other selection procedures described above could be used.

- Reporting Scheme 3

In this scheme the control unit 22 of the mobile station ranks (e.g. on the basis of received signal level) the quality of the links with neighbouring base stations. The reporting rate for each neighbour is determined by its ranking.

In a first approach the mobile can re-evaluate the ranking of the neighbours and therefore their reporting rate each 2<sup>nd</sup> multiframe (960 ms). In order to do so the averaged value of the signal level over the previous 2 multiframes can be used.

There would be two options to perform such averaging:

1. The mobile stores all the individual values determined over the 2 multiframes. In the worst case this would require it to store 2 received signal level (RxLev) values (of conventionally 6 bits each), for example for a maximum of, say, 15 neighbours. This would requires a total of 180 bits of memory 23 in the control unit 22 of the mobile.

2. Ongoing averaging. The averaging can be an ongoing averaging in order to minimise the required memory. If this approach is used selected the memory required in the mobile would be only 90 bits. Example:

Multiframe	1	2
RxLev	30	45
Average	30	37.5

Alternatively, the mobile could re-evaluate the ranking of the neighbours and therefore their reporting rate each 4<sup>th</sup> multiframe (1920 ms). In order to do so the averaged value of the signal level over the previous 4 multiframe could be used.

In order to do so there would be two options:

1. The mobile stores all the values measured over the 4 multiframe. In the worst case this would require to store 4 RxLev values (6 bits each) for a maximum of, say, 15 neighbours. This requires a total of 45 bytes of memory in the mobile.
2. Ongoing averaging. The averaging can be an ongoing averaging in order to minimise the required memory. If this approach was selected the memory required in the mobiles would be only 90 bits. Example:

Multiframe	1	2	3	4
RxLev	30	45	33	60
Average	30	37.5	36	42

This scheme provides an extremely flexible way for the mobile station to send measurement information from more cells to the network.

The schemes 1 to 3 described above provide the facility to transmit measurement reports on links with neighbouring cells at different rates depending on their signal level ranking.



The mobile station may automatically select an appropriate reporting scheme, or the network may indicate to the mobile station which reporting scheme is to be used. In the latter case, the indication may be by means of a scheme indication signal, which could be sent over a broadcast channel, for example the BCCH, and for example as part of the BCCH System Information message. This would allow network operators to control the introduction and operation of the enhanced reporting schemes described above. The use of two bits forming the scheme indication signal would allow the implementation of 4 different reporting modes. Figure 3 illustrates the signal flow in such an implementation.

Preferably, mobiles that are able to offer the enhanced reporting schemes 1 to 3 described above should signal the availability of such schemes to the network. This may, for example be done each time they establish a connection to the network. At that time the mobiles supporting the above functionality may preferably inform the network that they are "alternative neighbour reporting compliant", so the network knows the available formats of neighbour reporting for a connection with those mobiles.

The selection of the relevant cells for reporting may be based on any appropriate predefined rule of selection. The rules may be defined in the standards the mobile station and/or the communication system are arranged to use. The rules may be stored permanently in the mobile station. According to one possibility the rules are stored in an appropriate network element and transmitted therefrom to the mobile station when ever required. The rules for selecting relevant cells may also be changed when this is deemed necessary. The selection of the relevant cells may be based, with no limitation to the following, on the measured signalling levels, used radio frequencies, direction of the movement of the mobile station, loading conditions of the neighbouring cells and so on.

In some of the schemes described above it is possible that resolution of neighbour cell measurement information could be lost due to the increased period between



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## CLAIMS

1. A method for reporting link information in a communication system including a communication terminal and a plurality of transceivers with each of which the communication terminal can communicate over a respective communication link; method comprising:

the communication terminal determining link information for each of the communication links; and

the communication terminal periodically transmitting link messages, each link message containing link information for a first set of the communication links, and the link messages being formatted in accordance with a predetermined scheme such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a set of communication links larger than the first set of communication links.

2. A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein link information for at least one of the communication links is contained in each of successive link messages.

3. A method as claimed in claim 2, comprising the step of determining a subset of the communication links having the best link according to a selected measure, and wherein link information for the communication links of that subset is contained in each of successive link messages.

4. A method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the subset consists of two communication links.

5. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein periodically link messages contain link information for the same ones of the communication links.

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6. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the communication terminal is capable of transmitting the link information in a plurality of schemes according to which link information is distributed between successive link messages.

7. A method as claimed in claim 6, wherein the communication system includes a control unit coupled to the transceivers, and the method comprises the step of causing at least one of the transceivers to transmit a scheme selection signal to the communication terminal indicative of the one of the plurality of schemes to be used by the communication terminal.

8. A method as claimed in claim 7, wherein the scheme selection signal is transmitted on a broadcast channel.

9. A method as claimed in claim 7 or 8, wherein the scheme selection signal is transmitted as part of a system information message.

10. A method as claimed in any of claims 7 to 9, comprising the step of operating the communication terminal in response to the scheme selection signal so as to use the scheme indicated by the scheme selection signal.

11. A method as claimed in any of claims 7 to 10, wherein one of the schemes involves transmitting link information for a set of the communication links in alternate link messages.

12. A method as claimed in any of claims 7 to 11, wherein one of the schemes involves transmitting link information for a set of the communication links in every third link message.

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13. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the link messages are transmitted over at least one of the said communication links.

14. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein each link message is sent in a respective multiframe of communications over the said communication links.

15. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein each link message contains link information for six of the communication links.

16. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the link information for a communication link is indicative of the quality of communications over that link.

17. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, comprising the steps of receiving the link information and making a handover decision for the communication terminal on the basis of the link information.

18. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, comprising the step of the communication terminal signalling that it is capable of operating so as to transmit successive link messages containing link information for different ones of the communication links.

19. A method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the step of the communication terminal signalling that it is capable of operating so as to transmit successive link messages containing link information for different ones of the communication links is performed on establishment by the communication terminal of a connection with the system.

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20. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the communication terminal is a radio telephone.

21. A method as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein each transceiver is a base station transceiver of a radio telephone system.

22. A communication system comprising:

a communication terminal;

a plurality of transceivers with each of which the communication terminal can communicate over a respective communication link;

a communication terminal comprising link measurement means for measuring link information for each of the communication links;

transmission means for periodically transmitting link messages, each link message containing link information for a first set of the communication links;

link messages forming means for forming the link messages in accordance with a predetermined scheme such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a set of communication links larger than the first set of communication links.

23. A communication terminal for operation in a radio telecommunication system the terminal comprising communication means for communicating with one or more of a plurality of radio transceivers;

measurement means for measuring a quality of signals received from each of the said transceivers over respective communication link; and

measurement message generation means for generating measurement messages for transmission by the communication means, each measurement message containing measured quality information for a first set of the communication links;

the measurement message generation means being capable of generating a series of measurement messages in accordance with a predetermined scheme wherein groups of successive measurement messages collectively contain measured quality information for a set of communication links larger than the first set of communication links.

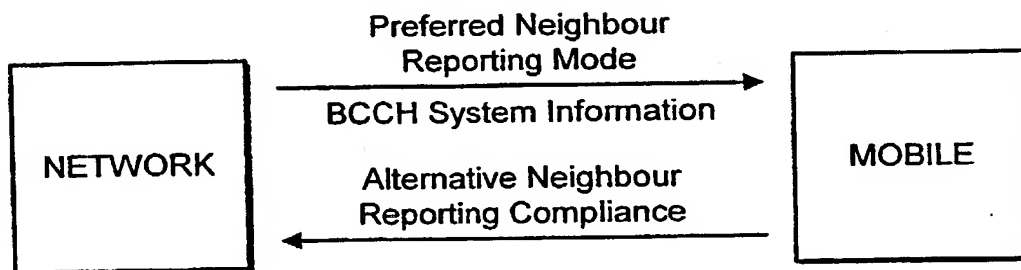
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(54) Title: **REPORTING COMMUNICATION LINK INFORMATION**

(57) Abstract: A method for reporting link information in a communication system including a communication terminal and a plurality of transceivers with each of which the communication terminal can communicate over a respective communication link; the method comprising: the communication terminal determining link information for each of the communication links; and the communication terminal periodically transmitting link messages, each link message containing link information for a first set of the communication links, and the link messages being formatted such that groups of successive link messages collectively contain link information for a larger set of the communication links.

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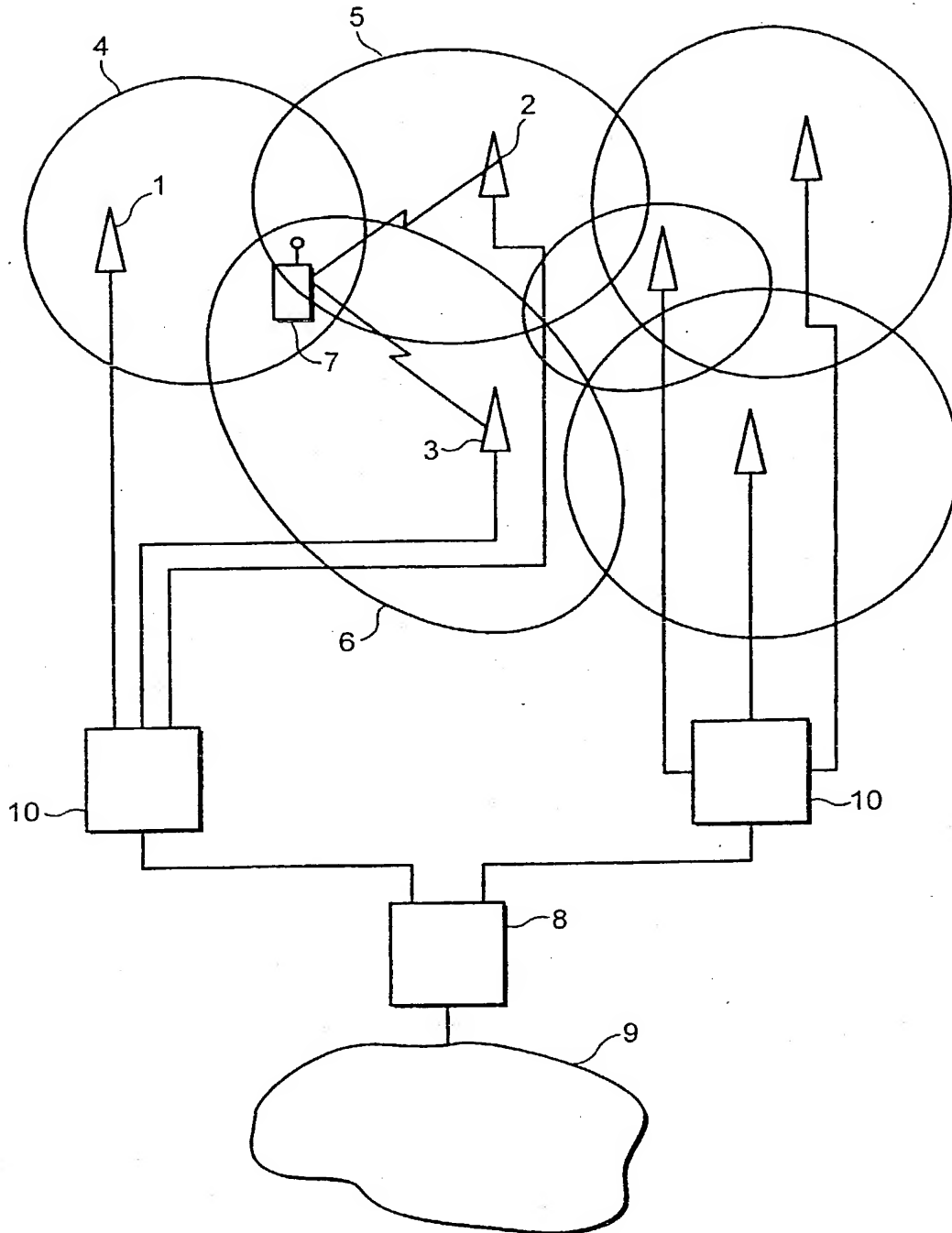


FIG. 1

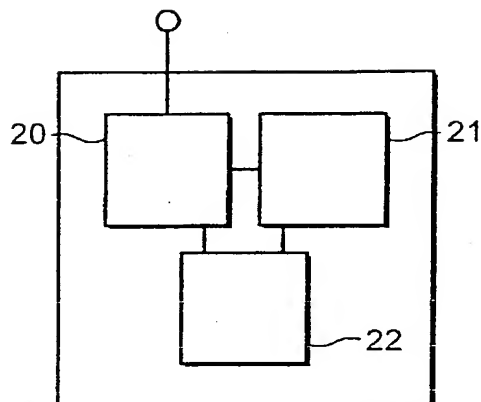


FIG. 2

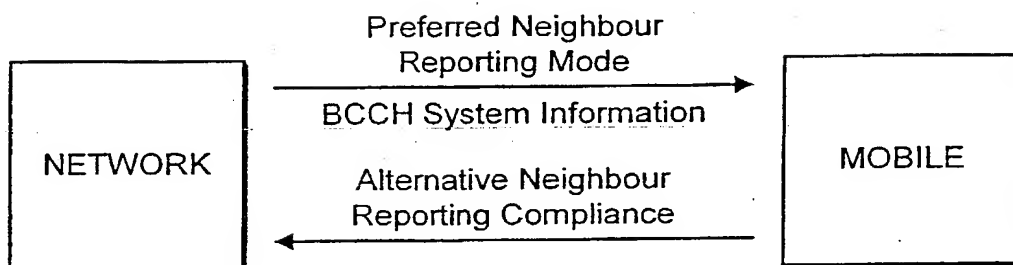


FIG. 3

DOCKET NO. NOKI14-00024

PATENT

**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention, design or discovery entitled:

**"REPORTING COMMUNICATION LINK INFORMATION"**

the specification of which was filed on March 18, 2002 and assigned Serial No. 10/088,238.

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above;

I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to me to be material to the patentability of this application as defined by Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56.

I hereby claim no foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate on which priority is claimed.

**PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATION(S) FILED WITHIN 12 MONTHS  
(6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO THIS APPLICATION AND  
ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d)**

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d) or (f), or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent, inventor's or plant breeder's rights certificate(s), or 365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States of America, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent, inventor's or plant breeder's rights certificate(s), or any PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

COUNTRY (OR INDICATE IF PCT)	APPLICATION NO.	DATE OF FILING (Day, Month, Year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 37 USC 119	
Great Britain	9922204.4	20/09/1999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
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			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of any prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

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Atty. Docket No.:

NOKI14-00024

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under § 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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